

#2029
11/5/92



We have IMITATORS, but not Competitors!

Please examine PRICES and TEST STOCK!!

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1892=93
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Eighth Year.

.....

HIGHLANDS NURSERY.

[In the Southern Alleghany Mountains; Elevation nearly 4,000 feet.]

ANNUAL WHOLESALE OFFERS OF

Native North American Ornamental Plants

ESPECIALLY THE HARDY TREES, FLOWERING SHRUBS,
HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS, VINES, FERNS, ORCHIDS,
ETC., OF THE SOUTHERN ALLEGHANY MOUNTAINS.

TREES, Shrubs and Plants in Large and Small
Sizes, Suitable for Parks, Cemeteries, Streets,
Nurseries, Lawns, Gardens and Private Grounds.

HARLAN P. KELSEY,

Highlands Nursery,

LINVILLE, Mitchell Co., N. C., U. S. A.

Gift of
J. Horace McFarland Co.
Harrisburg, Penna.
May 1957

Eighth Year.

PLEASE OBSERVE:

Always use the enclosed order-sheet.

Prices herein abrogate all previous quotations.

Packing and delivery at our depot, Cranberry, N. C., free.

Terms: All bills due first of each month. Interest charged thereafter.

Discounts.—Special for cash with order, 5 per cent. On orders of \$25, 5 per cent.; \$50, 7 per cent.; \$100, 10 per cent.; \$200, 15 per cent.; \$500, 20 per cent. 5 plants of a kind at 10 rates, 25 at 100 rates, 500 at 1,000 rates.

Foreign remittances. Send by International P. O. Money-Order, drawn on Asheville, N. C., by New York Exchange, or by Cheque Bank Check.

Claims made immediately on receipt of goods will meet with prompt recognition and be adjusted, if our error. All shipments travel at consignee's risk.

"Collected plants" are those carefully lifted from open woods and usually trimmed before shipping. Our true line is in furnishing strong, nursery-grown stock, but to meet a demand for very cheap stock, we have carefully prepared a schedule of prices, and by our arrangement, a glance shows the price of each plant, collected or nursery-grown. So please order accordingly.

We ship usually from October 1 to December 1, and from March 1 to May 1. Often all through the winter, if mild. (Please order early.)

Our shipments extend over this country and the principal countries of Europe, and our packing is nearly perfect.

NOTICE! NEW FROST-PROOF CELLAR, PACKING-HOUSE AND SHEDS.

Having just completed the erection of a large FROST-PROOF CELLAR (as well as packing-house and sheds 16x42 feet), I can now promise prompt, safe shipments at all times, especially during cold weather, and would ask my customers to please bear this advantage in mind.

Please write us about anything—our mountains, climate or summer resorts, but especially about plants, native plants, and we may interest you. Our facilities are broad and territory large. And remember, we are the largest growers and collectors of **Hardy Native Ornamentals** exclusively in this country, and our stock this season is especially fine and strong.

Soil, Planting and Care of Native Plants.

The Azaleas, Rhododendrons, and most other plants herein named are hardy generally throughout the U. S., and with proper care in preparation of soil and planting may be grown successfully. They thrive best in rich, peaty soils and partially shaded situations. A good soil can be made by excavating two to three feet of the surface, and filling with equal parts of good leaf-mold or other decayed vegetable matter and surface loam, with one-tenth or more of sharp sand. Swamp muck or field sod may be used. Mulching (spent tan, moss, leaves, hay, etc.) is always useful, and necessary where the ground is very dry. Lime in any form is fatal to Rhododendrons, Azaleas, and ericaceous plants in general. As a rule, give all plants a deep soil, with plenty of well-decayed vegetable food and good drainage, and the results will be satisfactory.

Our Location,

At the summit of the Carolina mountains, nearly 4,000 feet towards the clouds, insures long, cool summers and moderate winters, which is very favorable to the growth of these beautiful native ornamentals, and produces a *hardy* stock—an **important point with Northern planters.**

For years the Highlands Nursery has been growing and pushing forward *native plants exclusively*, and it is extremely gratifying to us to be made aware of the rapidly-increasing demand for them, especially the past season. We anticipate, however, much larger sales, and are prepared with an exceedingly large and fine stock, to which constant additions are being made.



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RHODODENDRON VASEYI. 8 to 15 feet high. (See page 15.)

Beautiful new deciduous Rhododendron, introduced by us. Profuse and very early bloomer, through all shades of pink. Invaluable addition for lawn, park, garden and cemetery.

Nurserymen and florists should all catalogue this fine new Rhododendron, and at the prices we offer it, no one need be without it. **Large quantities supplied at special rates.**



CLEMATIS CRISPA. (See page 17.)



SARRACENIA PURPUREA. (See page 19.)



CORNUS FLORIDA (*White-flowering Dogwood*). (See page 7.)



CHIONANTHUS VIRGINICA. (See page 14.)



CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA. (See page 14.)



FRAXINUS (*Ash*). (See page 8.)

SOME HARDY NATIVE AMERICAN ORNAMENTALS. HIGHLANDS NURSERY.



DIONÆA MUSCIPULA. (See Page 18.)



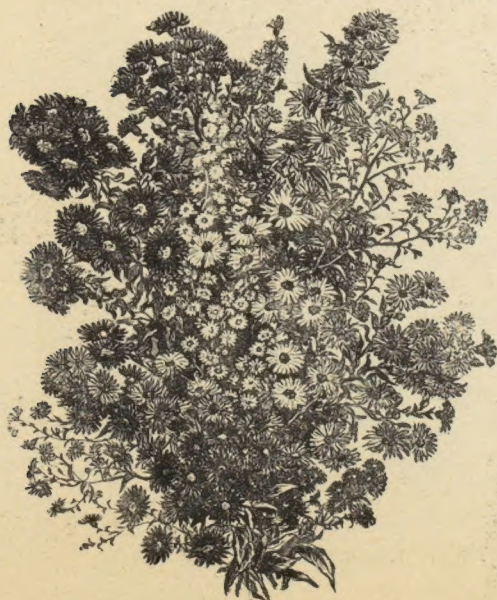
CALYCANTHUS GLAUCUS. (See page 14.)



FLOWER OF RHODODENDRON MAXIMUM. (See page 12.)



YUCCA FILAMENTOSA. (See page 23.)



BOUQUET OF WILD ASTERS.



POLYPODIUM VULGARIS.

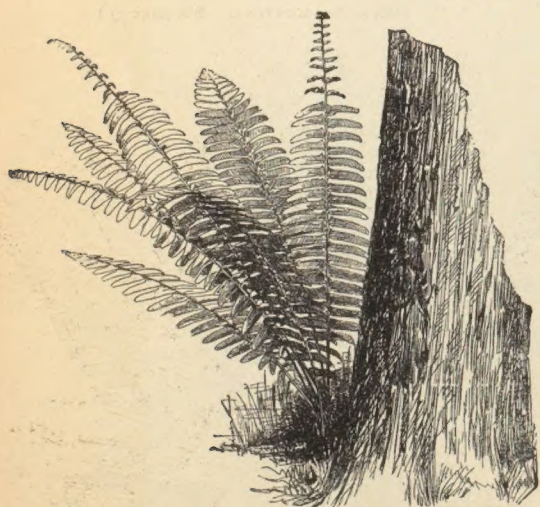
SOME HARDY NATIVE AMERICAN ORNAMENTALS. HIGHLANDS NURSERY.

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SHORTIA GALACIFOLIA. (See page 22.)



[Copyright: The American Garden.]

ASPIDIUM ACROSTICHOIDES. (See page 17.)



DECUMARIA BARBARA. (See page 17.)

SOME HARDY NATIVE AMERICAN ORNAMENTALS. HIGHLANDS NURSERY.

Hardy Native Deciduous Ornamental Trees

For Park, Lawn, Cemetery, Nursery, Street.

"In the Weekly Tribune, Mr. Josiah Hoopes takes strong grounds in favor of native American trees, on the ground that they are less liable to disease in our climate, longer lived, and more beautiful and useful as a class than their foreign relatives."—SENEX.

ACER. (Maple.)

These, among the finest of all street and shade trees, need no general recommendation, as the enormous numbers that are planted yearly bespeak their own landscape value and popularity.

Varieties.	SIZE AND GRADE	COLLECTED			NURSERY-GROWN		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000	per 10	per 100	per 1000
Acer Pennsylvanicum (Striped Maple). 13 to 15 ft. Beautiful striped bark and conspicuous lobed foliage, turning bright yellow; very graceful.	6 to 12 in. 1 to 2 ft. 2 to 4 ft.	\$0 30 50	\$2 50 3 50	\$20 00 I 25	\$0 50 75 10 00	\$4 00 6 00	\$35 00
Acer rubrum (Red Maple). 40 to 60 ft. Bright red blossoms and fruit in spring; brilliant autumn coloring.	9 to 18 in. 18 to 36 in. 3 to 4 ft.	30 50	2 50 3 50	20 00 I 50	50 75	4 00 6 00....	............
Acer saccharinum (Sugar Maple) 50 to 75 ft. Stately pyramidal growth.	6 to 12 in. 1 to 2 ft. 2 to 4 ft., heavy 4 to 6 ft., ex. h.	25 40	2 00 3 00	15 00 25 00 I 50 3 00	30 60 12 00 25 00	2 50 5 00 100 00	20 00 45 00
Acer spicatum (Mountain Maple). 10 to 30 ft. Soft, downy growth and leaves; conspicuous.	6 to 12 in. 1 to 2 ft.	40 50	3 00 3 50	25 00 30 00	.... 75	.... 6 00	........
Asimina triloba (Paw-paw). 15 to 30 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	75	5 00	40 00	....	....	....
Andromeda arborea (Tree Andromeda). 20 to 40 ft. Exquisite lawn, park and cemetery tree. Long, paniced racemes of white, fragrant; graceful, brilliant autumn foliage.	4 to 12 in. 1 to 2 ft. 2 to 4 ft.	40 65 I 25	3 00 4 50 10 00	25 00 35 00 75 00	65 I 00....	............	............
Amelanchier botryapium (Showy Mespilus, Juneberry). 25 to 50 ft. Greatest profusion of snow-white blossoms in drooping racemes in earliest spring; one of the best for cemetery, lawn or park.	1 to 2 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 5 ft., heavy 5 to 6 ft., "	40 65	3 00 4 50	25 00 35 00	75 I 00 I 50 2 00	5 00 7 00 12 00 15 00	40 00 60 00 100 00
Aesculus flava (Buckeye). 30 to 50 ft.	4 to 8 in. 1 to 2 ft. ....	.... 50	.... 3 50	.... 30 00	40	3 00....	........
Betula excelsa (Yellow Birch). 50 to 75 ft. Silvery bark. This and the next are very fine street and specimen lawn trees.	6 to 12 in. 1 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft., heavy 4 to 6 ft., "	25 50	2 00 3 50	15 00 30 00	40 75 I 25 2 00	3 00 5 00 10 00 15 00	25 00 40 00
Betula lenta (Sweet Black Birch). 50 to 70 ft. Elegant, graceful growth.	6 to 12 in. 1 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft., heavy 4 to 6 ft., "	25 50	2 00 3 50	15 00 30 00	40 75 I 25 2 00	3 00 5 00 10 00 15 00	25 00 40 00
Castanea vesca (American Sweet Chestnut). 40 to 80 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	75	5 00	....	....	....	....
Cercis Canadensis (Red Bud). 15 to 20 ft. Broad, cordate leaves and reddish purple clustered-flowers.	1 yr. seedling .	....	....	....	50	....	....
Cornus Florida (White-flowering Dogwood). 15 to 35 ft.	6 to 12 in. 1 to 2 ft. 2 to 3 ft., heavy 3 to 4 ft., "	30 50 65	2 50 3 50 4 50	20 00 30 00	60 I 00 I 25 2 00	4 00 7 00 10 00 15 00	32 00 60 00

Varieties.	SIZE AND GRADE	COLLECTED.			NURSERY-GROWN.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000	per 10	per 100	per 1000
Deciduous Trees, continued.							
Cornus alternifolia (Blue Dogwood). 15 to 35 ft.	6 to 12 in.	\$0 65	\$4 50	\$35 00	\$0 75	\$5 00	....
Distinct and picturesque.	1 to 2 ft.	75	5 00	....	1 00	7 00	....
	2 to 3 ft. ....	....	....	....	1 50	....	....
	3 to 5 ft. ....	....	....	....	2 50	....	....
Crataegus Crus-galli (Cockspur Thorn). 10 to 25 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	....	75	5 00	....
Covered with <i>snow-white</i> flowers and red fruit.	2 to 3 ft., extra	....	....	....	1 25	10 00	....
Diospyros Virginiana (Persimmon). 15 to 60 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	65	4 50	35 00	....	....	....
Fagus ferruginea (American Beech). 40 to 70 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	40	3 00	25 00	1 00	....	....
Fraxinus Americana (White Ash)	12 to 24 in.	85	7 50	....	....	....	....
Halesia tetraptera (Snowdrop, Silverbell-tree).	9 to 18 in. ....	....	....	....	75	5 00	\$40 00
20 to 50 ft.	18 to 36 in. ....	....	....	....	1 25	10 00	....
Great profusion of white or pink <i>bell-flowers</i> in very early spring. A most choice ornamental.	3 to 4 ft., extra	....	....	....	2 00	....	....
	4 to 6 ft., extra	....	....	....	4 00	....	....
Halesia diptera. 10 to 25 ft.	6 to 12 in. ....	....	....	....	2 00	....	....
Rare and showy; fruit two-winged.	12 to 18 in. ....	....	....	....	3 00	....	....
Ilex monticola (Deciduous Mountain Holly). 15 to 30 ft.	6 to 12 in.	25	2 00	15 00	50	3 50	30 00
Bright red berries in perfect rows in fall and early winter.	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	75	5 00	40 00
	2 to 3 ft., extra	....	....	....	1 25	10 00	....
Liquidambar styraciflua (Sweet Gum). 30 to 60 ft.	2 to 4 ft. ....	....	....	....	2 00	....	....
Leaves deep crimson in autumn.							
Liriodendron tulipifera (Tulip-tree). 60 to 80 ft.	1 to 2 ft. ....	....	....	....	40	3 00	25 00
Well-known, rapid-growing street and specimen lawn tree. <i>Yellow</i> flowers, 3 inches across.	2 to 3 ft. ....	....	....	....	65	4 50	....
	3 to 4 ft. ....	....	....	....	75	5 00	....
	4 to 6 ft. ....	....	....	....	1 00	8 00	....
	6 to 8 ft. ....	....	....	....	2 00	....	....

MAGNOLIA.

The Magnolias must be classed among the most effective of all ornamentals, combining as they do, rapid, clean growth with the handsomest of large foliage and great wax-like flowers, usually overcharged with a peculiar and exquisite odor, and later on with a covering of brilliant scarlet *cucumber-shaped* fruit. For scenic effect our native species will bear favorably a critical comparison with the finest foreign ones, while to the *American planter* they possess the overwhelming advantage of being an indigenous growth, free from disease, and (with the exception of the *Grandiflora*) hardy throughout the states.

Varieties.	SIZE AND GRADE.	COLLECTED.			NURSERY-GROWN.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000	per 10	per 100	per 1000
Magnolia acuminata (Cucumber Tree). 50 to 70 ft.	6 to 12 in.	\$0 50	\$3 50	\$30 00	\$1 00	\$7 00	....
Beautiful ornamental.	1 to 2 ft.	75	5 00	....	1 25	10 00	....
	2 to 4 ft., extra	....	....	....	2 50	....	....
Magnolia Frazeri (Ear-leaved Magnolia). 40 to 50 ft.	6 to 12 in.	50	3 50	30 00	75	5 00	40 00
<i>Rare</i> , and one of the most beautiful of all the Magnolias. Large leaves and flowers, the latter 6 in. across.	1 to 2 ft.	75	5 00	40 00	1 25	10 00	....
	2 to 4 ft., extra	....	....	....	2 50	....	....
Magnolia glauca (Sweet Bay). See Evergreens.							
“ grandiflora. See under Evergreens.							
“ Umbrella (Umbrella Tree). 25 to 35 ft.	1 to 2 ft. ....	....	....	....	1 00	....	....
Leaves 18 to 20 inches long; flowers 7 to 8 inches broad. This Magnolia has an unpleasant odor.	2 to 3 ft. ....	....	....	....	2 00	....	....
	3 to 4 ft. ....	....	....	....	3 00	....	....
Ostrya Virginica (Hop Hornbeam). 15 to 30 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	1 00	....	....
Very hard wood; hop-like fruit and showy, serrate foliage.	2 to 3 ft. ....	....	....	....	1 25	10 00	75 00
Pyrus coronaria (Wild Crab Apple). 10 to 25 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	75	5 00	40 00	....	....	....
Fragrant native tree. White and pink flowers.							
Pyrus Americana (American Mt. Ash). 12 to 24 ft.	6 to 12 in.	50	3 50	30 00	1 00	....	....
Beautiful cut foliage and brilliant red fruit.	1 to 3 ft.	65	4 50	....	2 00	....	....

Varieties.	SIZE AND GRADE.	COLLECTED.			NURSERY-GROWN.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000	per 10	per 100	per 1000
Deciduous Trees, continued.							
Prunus Pennsylvanica (Peruvian Bark). 10 to 35 ft. Exceedingly rapid growth for quick effect, but very short-lived—20 to 35 years.	1 to 2 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	\$0 40 50	\$3 00 3 50	\$20 00 30 00	........	........	........
Prunus serotina (Wild Black Crab). 60 to 80 ft.... This is peculiarly adapted to street and shade purposes, making clean, strong growth and dense, dark foliage.	1 to 2 ft. 2 to 4 ft.	1 00 2 00	7 00 15 00	.... ....	.... \$3 50	........	........
Robinia pseudacacia (Yellow or Black Locust). 30 to 75 ft. Delicious fragrant clusters of pure white flowers and finely divided leaves. Beautiful lawn tree.	1 to 2 ft. 2 to 3 ft. ....	.... ....	.... ....	.... ....	1 00 1 50	........	........
Rhus cotinoides (Chittam Wood.) 30 to 40 ft. A valuable new and rare native. Blue-green leaves. \$1 each.	Large .....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Rhus cotinus (Smoke Tree). 10 to 20 ft. <i>Not a native.</i>	1 to 2 ft. ....	....	....	....	2 50	....	....
Salix nigra (Black Willow). 15 to 50 ft. " discolor (Pussy Willow). 8 to 15 feet Good for damp ground.	Cuttings Cuttings 1 to 2 ft.	25 25 1 00	1 00 1 00 7 00	8 00 8 00....	............	............	............
Sassafras officinale (Sassafras). 15 to 45 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	....	....	....
Symplocos tinctoria (Sweet-leaf). 8 to 15 ft. Yellow clustered flowers and shiny, <i>sweet</i> leaves. A valuable small tree.	1 to 2 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	65 1 00	4 50 7 00	35 00 60 00	1 25 2 00	........	........
Tilia Americana (American Linden). 50 to 80 ft. ...	1 to 2 ft.	1 00	7 00	....	....	....	....

Hardy Evergreen Trees.

As a class, our Native American Evergreens are without doubt far beyond comparison with those of foreign countries, possessing unrivalled characteristics of gracefulness, grandeur or color. Our Alleghany region, while claiming possibly fewer species than the Western and Pacific states, is yet rich in beautiful forms, and we can boast of at least one distinct new species of conifer, found nowhere else, and here only very locally, namely, the Carolina Hemlock (*Tsuga Caroliniana*). Below we give a short description of each in proper order:

Varieties.	SIZE AND GRADE.	COLLECTED.			NURSERY-GROWN.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000	per 10	per 100	per 1000
Abies Fraseri (Southern Balsam-Fir). 30 to 65 ft.. Rather smaller than the northern Balsam, with denser foliage and more <i>compact</i> growth. A large stock of this beautiful Fir at specially low rates.	3 to 6 in.	\$0 20	\$1 00	\$8 00	\$0 40	\$3 00	....
	6 to 12 in.	40	3 00	20 00	50	3 50	\$30 00
	1 to 2 ft., extra	75	5 00	40 00	1 60	7 00	55 00
Gordonia lasianthus (Loblolly Bay). 30 to 50 ft.... Large white flowers, 2 to 3 inches across and glossy leaves. <i>Not perfectly hardy.</i>	4 to 8 in. ....	....	....	....	1 50	....	....

ILEX OPACA (American Holly).

This is without doubt one of the most beautiful and indispensable of all evergreens in landscape work. The growth is thick and heavy, assuming a dense, picturesque, cone shape, while the sharp, prickly foliage is always in most beautiful contrast to the surrounding leafage or the winter aspect of lawn and park, as well as forming a conspicuous background for the brilliant scarlet berries which cover it in fall and early winter. This beautiful Holly is *always in demand*, and I would call the special attention of all nurserymen and planters to our heavy stock of fine plants. (See sizes and prices on page 10.)

Varieties.	SIZE AND GRADE.	COLLECTED.			NURSERY-GROWN.		
		per 10.	per 100	per 1000	per 10	per 100	per 1000
Hardy Evergreen Trees, continued.							
Ilex opaca (American Holly). 15 to 40 ft.	6 to 9 in. ....	....	....	....	\$0 75	\$5 00	\$40 00
	9 to 12 in. ....	....	....	....	1 00	7 00	60 00
	1 to 1½ ft., ex. ....	....	....	....	2 50	20 00	....
	4 to 12 in.	\$0 50	\$3 50	30 00	....	....	....
Ilex Cassine (Yaupon). 10 to 15 ft.	4 to 8 in.	1 00	7 00	60 00	2 00	....	....
This rare species comes from the coast of Carolina, and may not be perfectly hardy all over the North, though it will stand zero weather without apparent injury. It is, however, an elegant shrub or small tree, with small, smooth, crenate or scalloped leaves. These contain a large per cent. of a strong element, and are used even yet in making tea in localities of lower Virginia, while it is well known as the <i>Yaupon</i> , from which the famous "black drink" of the Southern Indians was made.							
Juniperus Virginiana (Red Cedar). 15 to 35 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	65	4 50	....	....	....	....
A useful small ornamental, the foliage varying often from a stiff needle-shape to light and feathery.							
	2 to 3 ft. ....	....	....	....	1 50	....	....
Magnolia glauca (Sweet Bay). 12 to 30 ft.	4 to 12 in.	50	3 50	30 00	1 00	7 00	....
One of the finest in foliage and flower; latter 2 to 3 inches across, and of peculiar sweet fragrance.							
	1 to 2 ft., fine.	1 00	7 00	60 00	2 00	15 00	....
	2 to 3 ft., h'vy.	1 50	12 00	....	3 50	....	....
Magnolia grandiflora (Great South'n Fl). 50 to 90 ft.	1 to 2 ft. ....	....	....	....	3 00	25 00	....
Thick, leathery leaves 6 to 10 inches long, and large, broad, very fragrant flowers, 6 to 8 in. broad.							
Olea Americana (Olive). 8 to 25 ft.	4 to 8 in. ....	....	....	....	1 25	....	....
From Florida; nearly hardy. Clusters of white, fragrant flowers. Purple fruit.							
Picea nigra (Black Spruce). 50 to 75 ft.	3 to 6 in.	20	1 00	8 00	....	....	....
Thick, heavy growth and dark foliage.							
	6 to 12 in.	25	2 00	15 00	40	3 00	25 00
	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	75	5 00	....
Pinus pungens (Table-Mountain Pine). 20 to 50 ft.	6 to 12 in.	50	3 50	30 00	1 00	7 00	....
Of peculiar growth, the cones remaining on for years, giving the tree a unique appearance.							
	1 to 2 ft.	75	5 00	40 00	2 00	....	....
Pinus Strobus (White Pine). 50 to 150 ft.	6 to 12 in.	25	2 00	15 00	....	....	....
This grand Pine needs no extended description here. The delicate <i>silvery foliage</i> and clean, rapid growth are unsurpassed by any known conifer.							
	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	....	....	....
	2 to 3 ft.	1 25	10 00	75 00	....	....	....
Pinus australis (Long-leaf Yellow Pine). 60 to 75 ft.	6 to 12 in.	75	5 00	40 00	....	....	....
The well-known timber and tar Pine of the lower Southern states. The small plants present a most surprisingly tropical appearance, with the light green, 15 to 20-inch long leaves of annual growth clustered <i>perpendicularly</i> on the ends of the shoots like a broom, and bearing a strikingly singular contrast to the leaves of the previous year's growth, which are dark green and droop gracefully <i>downward</i> .							
Pinus rigida (Black or Pitch Pine). 30 to 50 ft.	6 to 12 in.	75	5 00	40 00	....	....	....
The straggling growth of this pine prevents its extensive use as an ornament, though as a single lawn tree it is quite effective.							
Prunus Caroliniana (Cherry-Laurel). 20 to 30 ft. .	3 to 6 in. ....	....	....	....	50	3 50	....
This much admired tree is quite commonly used in the South as a fine ornamental. The white flowers are profuse and showy, and present a fine effect, with the always pleasing aspect of the glossy, serrate leaves. As it is not perfectly hardy in our mountains, however, we cannot recommend its extensive planting north of lower Maryland.							
	6 to 12 in. ....	....	....	....	65	4 50	....
	1 to 2 ft. ....	....	....	....	75	5 00	....
Tsuga Canadensis (Hemlock). 50 to 100 ft.	6 to 12 in.	25	2 00	5 00	50	3 50	....
Considered by eminent authorities to be the most beautiful of all American conifers; rich and delicate foliage, drooping branches and dense habit.							
	1 to 2 ft.	75	5 00	40 00	1 00	7 00	....
	2 to 3 ft. ....	....	....	....	1 50	....	....
	3 to 4 ft. ....	....	....	....	3 00	....	....

Varieties.	Size and Grade.	Collected.			Nursery-Grown.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000	per 10	per 100	per 1000
Evergreen Shrubs, continued.							
Leiophyllum buxifolium (Sand Myrtle). 12 to 24 in.	4 to 8 in.	\$0 50	\$3 50	\$30 00	\$1 00	....	....
Very showy, bushy evergreen, the clusters of pure white flowers with pink stamens completely covering the plant. Blooms a long time.							
Leiophyllum buxifolium , var. prostratum (Mountain Heath). 4 to 15 ft. high	4 to 8 in.	25	2 00	15 00	75	\$5 00	\$40 00
Our beautiful, hardy, high mountain variety of the east, with <i>prostrate habit</i> , making it one of the finest plants for rockwork in cultivation. This fine shrub cannot be too highly praised for all work of this kind, and its <i>Alpine habitat</i> insures its perfect hardiness, even in the extreme north. A fine stock on hand.							
Leucothoe Catesbæi . 3 to 10 ft.	8 to 12 in. ...	40	3 00	25 00	1 00	7 00	....
Very useful undershrub for massing, and without a ready substitute. Beautiful recurving sprays of green, often coloring beautifully.							
Rhododendron Catawbiense (Large Purple Rhododendron). 10 to 15 ft.	6 to 12 in. ...	30	2 50	20 00	50	3 50	30 00
This is the great purple, strong-blooded Rhododendron, that is not only <i>planted the world over</i> for the grand effects of flower or foliage it affords, massed or singly, but is used as the parent stock for the majority of the beautiful Rhododendron hybrids that are so popular now, its color, vitality and hardiness placing it without a peer for this use. Blooms May and June.							
Rhododendron maximum (Rose Bay, Great Laurel). 10 to 30 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	40	3 00	25 00	75	5 00	40 00
A superb shrub or low tree, often 30 ft. high in our Southern mountains. Its large white or pink blossoms appear in large trusses in July, the latest of all the Rhododendrons—a quality which adds greatly to its value as a fine ornamental. Its dark green, broad foliage is the finest of all the species. Without doubt the noblest of all our native shrubs, and "absolutely hardy from Vermont to Georgia." Please notice, we have on hand a fine stock of extra-size clumps of this noble shrub, which will give immediate effect. <i>Kindly order early.</i>							
Rhododendron punctatum (Small Pink R.) 6 to 10 ft.	3 to 6 in.	30	2 50	20 00	50	3 50	30 00
Very useful small species, the leaves and flowers <i>punctate</i> with small brown dots.							
Rosa lævigata (Cherokee Rose). 10 to 20 ft.	6 to 9 in. ...	40	3 00	25 00	75	6 00	50 00
The beautiful evergreen, climbing Cherokee Rose of the South, but unluckily not hardy North.							
Vaccinium macrocarpum (Cranberry). 8 to 20 in.	9 to 12 in. hvy	65	4 50	35 00	1 10	8 00	65 00
4 to 12 in. hvy							
12 to 18 in. hvy							
18 to 24 in. hvy							
2 to 3 ft., clumps							
3 to 4 ft., ext. clumps							
10 00							
2 50							
6 00							
15 00							
140 00							
75							
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1 50							
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Hardy Native Deciduous Shrubs.

One of the most interesting and important features of our varied mountain flora is the large list of beautiful hardy shrubs, deciduous and evergreen, which are so lavishly placed for use within our easy reach, not, we trust, to undergo the oft-times blighting and prosaic effect of *taming*, but to come with all their own fresh, native, delicate tracery and tints of leaf and flower, lending (and at so little cost) that enchanting natural beauty to our garden architecture so sought after by all lovers of nature, and attained so rarely, though oftener more recently, by our best landscape professionals *through these means*.

I would not needlessly enumerate the long list of particularly desirable shrubs, but feel it is not out of place here to make special mention of a few which are exceptionally worthy the attention of every landscape gardener.

and park and cemetery official, as well as nurseryman and florist, in this country and abroad: The AZALEAS, with their masses of brilliant, pure colors and delightful fragrance; the ANDROMEDAS and LEUCOTHES, fringed with their panicles of tinted bell-flowers; the dense-foliaged CALYCANTHUS, whose abundant, chocolate-colored flowers emit such a peculiar, fruity odor; the STUARTIAS, covered with large, showy flowers—the "native American Camellia"; VIBURNUMS, the large leaves coloring so richly at first hint of autumn; the CHIONANTHUS, drooping its delicate, white, fringe-like racemes, overcharged with a wild perfume; and the little hardy XANTHORHIZA, its peculiar, modest brown flowers in pendulous racemes below the conspicuous pinnate leaves, which color a bright orange in autumn.

The RHODODENDRONS and KALMIAS, however, might well claim the lead in shrub ornamentals, combining, as they do, the dark, broad, evergreen foliage with their profuse trusses of brilliant-stamened flowers. Massed or singly, they possess at all seasons a special charm of their own, and we know of no ornamentals, native or exotic, that can take their well-earned place in gardening. Then, for yellow effects we might name the HYPERICUMS, DIERVILLIAS and HAMAMELIS, but will cut short the list and give a brief description of each in order.

Varieties.	SIZE AND GRADE.	COLLECTED.			NURSERY-GROWN.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000	per 10	per 100	per 1000
Alnus viridis (Mountain Alder). 4 to 12 ft. The Alders are valuable undershrubs for their thick growth, dark, serrate foliage and bright, winged fruit	1 to 2 ft.	\$0 40	\$3 00	\$20 00	....	....	....
Alnus serrulata (Common Alder). 6 to 12 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	40	3 00	20 00	....	....	....
Amelanchier rotundifolia (Dwarf Juneberry). 1 to 3 ft. Fine, showy white flowers and edible fruit.	1 to 2 ft.	40	3 50	25 00	\$0 75	\$5 00	\$40 00
Andromeda ligustrina. 4 to 12 ft. White panicles; ash-gray bark.	1 to 2 ft.	40	3 00	20 00	75	5 00	....
Andromeda racemosa. 4 to 10 ft. Conspicuous; much used in planting shrubberies.	6 to 12 ft. ..	....	....	....	75	5 00	....
Andromeda Marianna. 2 to 4 ft. One of the finest of the Andromedas. The leaves turn a deep red in fall.	6 to 12 in. ....	....	....	....	75	5 00	40 00
Andromeda recurva. See <i>Leucothæ recurva</i> . " Catesbæi. " <i>Leucothæ Catesbæi</i> , Ev'gr'n.							
Aralia spinosa (Prickly Ash). 10 to 15 ft. Large, compound leaves, crowded at the summit of the stem like a Palm.	1 to 3 ft.	1 50	12 00	....	....	....	....
Arundinaria tecta (Reed). 2 to 10 ft. A pretty, Bamboo-like plant.	6 to 12 in. 1 to 2 ft.	40 75	3 00 5 00	20 00 40 00	........	........	........
Azalea arborescens (Smooth Sweet A.). 4 to 12 ft. Very valuable for lawn, cemetery and park. Large, deliciously fragrant flowers, white or rose-tinged, set off by brilliant scarlet stamens; foliage dark and shiny. This is an invaluable shrub, and one of our best native plants for the lawn. A very fine stock on hand.	6 to 12 in. 12 to 18 in. 18 to 24, extra.	40 75 1 00	3 00 5 00 7 00	25 00 40 00 60 00	.... 1 25 2 00	.... 10 00 15 00	.... 40 00 75 00
Azalea calendulacea (Great Flame-colored A.). 5 to 15 ft. This is truly a magnificent shrub, and the showiest of the species. Invaluable for all situations. Shades from light straw and orange to brilliant crimson.	6 to 12 in. 1 to 2 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	40 50 75	3 00 3 50 5 00	25 00 30 00 40 00	75 1 00 2 00	5 00 7 00	40 00 60 00
Azalea nudiflora (Early Purple Azalea). 2 to 6 ft. Showy; very early bloomer.	6 to 12 in. 12 to 18 in.	30 40	2 50 3 00	20 00 25 00	50 75	3 50 5 00	30 00 40 00
Azalea viscosa (Small White Azalea). 1 to 8 ft. Valuable undershrub. Flowers white, fragrant.	6 to 12 in. 1 to 2 ft.	30 40	2 50 3 00	20 00 25 00	50 75	3 50 5 00	30 00 40 00
Azalea Vaseyi. See <i>Rhododendron Vaseyi</i> .							
Berberis Canadensis (Am'n Berberry). 1 to 3 ft. Very small shrub, with yellow flowers in drooping racemes, and showy red berries. A fine ornamental.	6 to 9 in. 9 to 18 in. fine	.... ....	.... ....	.... ....	50 1 00	3 50 7 00	30 00

Varieties.	SIZE AND GRADE.	COLLECTED.			NURSERY-GROWN.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000	per 10	per 100	per 1000
Deciduous Shrubs, continued.							
Benzoin odoriferum (Spice-Bush). 6 to 10 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	\$0 50	\$3 00	\$25 00	\$1 00	....	....
Spicy bark; the yellow flowers appearing before the leaves. Fruit bright red.	2 to 3 ft.	75	5 00	....	2 00	....	....
Baccharis halimifolia. 2 to 10 ft.	6 to 12 in. ....	....	....	....	75	....	....
Smooth, handsome growth and leaves; white flowers.	1 to 2 ft. ....	....	....	....	1 25	....	....
Calycanthus floridus (Sweet Shrub). 3 to 8 ft. ...	6 to 12 in. ....	....	....	....	50	3 50	\$30 00
	12 to 18 in. ....	....	....	....	1 00	7 00	50 00
" glaucus (Carolina Allspice). 5 to 15 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	40	3 50	25 00	1 00	....	....
Leaves and brown flowers larger than in <i>floridus</i> .							
Chionanthus Virginica (White Fringe). 4 to 12 ft. .	6 to 12 in.	40	3 00	25 00	65	4 50	35 00
White, fringe-like, fragrant flowers. Very popular for parks and cemeteries.	1 to 2 ft.	75	5 00	40 00	1 50	12 00	100 00
Clethra acuminata (Southern Pepper-bush). 8 to 16 ft.	6 to 12 in.	25	2 00	15 00	50	3 50	30 00
Beautiful bark and fragrant white flowers in nodding spikes. This and the following species highly recommended for lawns, parks, etc.	1 to 2 ft.	40	3 00	25 00	75	5 00	40 00
	2 to 3 ft., h'vy ....	....	....	....	1 25	10 00	....
	3 to 4 ft., h'vy ....	....	....	....	2 00	15 00	....
Clethra alnifolia (Pepper-bush). 4 to 8 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	75	5 00	40 00
Very fragrant.	2 to 3 ft. ....	....	....	....	1 00	7 00	....
Cornus stricta (Dogwood). 10 to 20 ft.	2 to 3 ft. ....	....	....	....	3 00	....	....
" paniculata. 4 to 8 ft.	2 to 3 ft. ....	....	....	....	3 00	....	....
" sericea. 6 to 10 ft.	2 to 3 ft. ....	....	....	....	3 00	....	....
" florida. See under Trees.							
" alternifolia. See under Trees.							
All the Dogwoods (<i>Cornus</i>) are considered very useful in landscape work.							
Comptonia asplenifolia (Sweet Fern). 1 to 2 ft. .	6 to 12 in.	50	3 50	30 00	....	....	....
Pretty, small, aromatic shrub, the leaves resembling the fronds of a fern.							
Castanea pumila (Chinkapin). 4 to 20 ft.	9 to 18 in.	50	3 50	30 00	75	5 00	....
Fine, small, oval nuts. Reaches the proportions of a tree in the lower districts.							
Diervilla sessilifolia (Mountain Bush-Honey-suckle). 3 to 5 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	25	2 00	15 00	50	3 50	....
Forms thick clumps; abundant sulphur-yellow flowers in late summer; showy.	2 to 3 ft., h'vy ....	....	....	....	1 00	7 00	....
Euonymus Americanus (Strawberry-bush). 2 to 6 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	40	3 00	25 00	1 00	....	....
The fruit gives this plant a peculiar beauty, for which it is chiefly prized in shrubberies. This is of a crimson color, and finally, when mature, bursts open, exposing the bright scarlet seed.							
Dirca palustris (Leatherwood). 3 to 5 ft.	6 to 12 in.	40	3 00	25 00	65	4 50	....
Low, branching shrub; the young leaves silky, flowers yellow. The tough bark used by the Indians for thongs.	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	75	6 00	....
Gaylussacia ursina (Buckberry). 3 to 5 ft.	6 to 12 in.	40	3 00	20 00	75	5 00	....
Fruit tart; used in making jellies.							
Gaylussacia frondosa (Blueberry). 3 to 6 ft.	6 to 18 in.	40	3 00	20 00	....	....	....
The delicious Huckle or Blueberry of our mountains.							
Hamamelis Virginiana (Witch-Hazel). 8 to 15 ft. .	6 to 12 in.	30	2 50	20 00	50	3 50	....
Yellow-ribboned flowers appear in late fall or early winter, when leaves are dropping. Invaluable in ornamental work, and no other can be found to fill its unique place.	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	75	5 00	....
	2 to 3 ft. ....	....	....	....	1 25	....	....
Hydrangea radiata (Wild Hydrangea). 4 to 8 ft. .	6 to 12 in.	50	3 50	30 00	75	5 00	....
The leaves are downy-white underneath, giving this plant a peculiar charm in the fall, as the leaves curl up.	1 to 2 ft.	65	4 00	35 00	1 00	7 50	....

Varieties.	SIZE AND GRADE.	COLLECTED.			NURSERY-GROWN.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000	per 10	per 100	per 1000
Deciduous Shrubs, continued.							
Hydrangea arborescens (Smooth H.). 3 to 10 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$15 00	\$0 65	4 00	\$35 00
Forms smooth, thick clump; the thin leaves very attractive.	2 to 3 ft.	40	3 00	25 00	1 00	7 00	....
Leucothoe recurva. 4 to 10 ft.	6 to 12 in.	30	2 50	20 00	65	4 50	....
Yearly shoots <i>bright red</i> , contrasting sharply with the old, gray growths. White and pink flowers on recurved stems.	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	1 00	....	....
Menziesia globularis (Menziesia). 4 to 8 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	40	3 00	25 00	75	5 00	40 00
Smooth shrub, with reddish bark and small, nodding, pink-white flowers in terminal clusters.	2 to 3 ft.	75	5 00	....	1 25	10 00	....
Pyrus arbutifolia (Chokeberry). 2 to 4 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	30	2 50	20 00	75	5 00	40 00
<i>Snowy white</i> flowers and dark purple fruit. A good undershrub.							
Pyrus erythrocarpa (Tall Chokeberry). 10 to 20 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	40	3 00	25 00	75	5 00	....
Large leaves and <i>red</i> berries.							
Pyrularia oleifera (Oil-nut). 3 to 8 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	1 00	7 00	....	....	....	....
Peculiar, oily shrub. Pear-shaped fruit an inch long.							
Rhododendron Vaseyi. 8 to 15 ft.	6 to 12 in.	50	3 50	30 00	1 00	7 00	60 00
Beautiful, new deciduous Rhododendron introduced by us. Profuse and very early bloomer, through all shades of pink. Invaluable addition for lawn, park, garden and cemetery. <i>Nurserymen and florists should all catalogue this fine, new Rhododendron</i> , and at the prices we offer it, no one need be without it. Larger quantities than above quoted at <i>special rates</i> .	1 to 2 ft.	75	5 00	40 00	1 25	10 00	75 00
	2 to 3 ft.	1 25	10 00	75 00	2 50	20 00	....
Ribes prostratum. 1 to 2 ft.	6 to 12 in.	50	3 50	30 00	1 00	7 00	....
Lobed leaves, color bright red in early autumn; reclining stems.							
Ribes rotundifolium (Wild Gooseberry). 2 to 5 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	....	1 00	7 00	....
Rhus copallina (Sumach). 3 to 6 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	....	75	....	....
Large <i>pinnate</i> leaves turn deep crimson in fall.	2 to 3 ft.	75	5 00	....	1 00	....	....
Rhus typhina (Staghorn Sumach). 10 to 20 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	75	5 00	....	....	....	....
A fine form.							
Rhodora Canadensis (Rhodora). 2 to 5 ft.	1 to 2 ft. . . . .	....	....	....	1 50	12 00	....
Handsome low shrub, the showy rose-purple Azalea-like flowers in short-stemmed clusters, earlier than the leaves.							
Robinia viscosa (Clammy Locust). 6 to 15 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	1 00	7 00	....	....	....	....
Large clusters of bright <i>pink, pea-shaped</i> flowers and conspicuous pinnate leaves. Rare.	2 to 4 ft. . . . .	....	....	....	4 00	....	....
Robinia hispida (Flowering Locust). 2 to 6 ft.	6 to 12 in. . . . .	....	....	....	50	3 50	30 00
A very pretty pink species, with bristly stems.	1 to 2 ft. . . . .	....	....	....	75	5 00	40 00
Robinia hispida, var. rosea. 5 to 10 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	1 00	7 00	60 00	....	....	....
<i>New</i> ; a valuable variety of the last, with lighter flowers.							
Rosa Carolina (Carolina Rose). 6 to 10 ft.	1 to 2 ft., fine	50	3 50	30 00	1 00	6 00	50 00
Beautiful, sweet-scented pink flowers in large clusters.							
Rosa lucida (Dwarf Rose). 1 to 3 ft.	9 to 18 in.	50	3 50	30 00	1 00	6 00	....
Smaller than <i>Carolina</i> , and flowers more scattered.							
Rosa rubiginosa (Sweetbrier, Eglantine). 4 to 10 ft.	6 to 12 in. . . . .	....	....	....	40	3 00	....
Escaped cultivation in our mountains.	1 to 2 ft. . . . .	....	....	....	75	5 00	....
Rubus odoratus (Flowering Raspberry). 4 to 15 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	30	2 50	20 00	65	4 50	35 00
Vine-like shrub; dense, showy, lobed leaves. Very valuable for covering space under trees and other shady situations rapidly.	2 to 3 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	85	6 00	50 00
Rubus villosus (High Blackberry). 4 to 12 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	25	2 00	10 00	....	....	....
Showy white flowers and edible fruit. The parent of the garden blackberry.							

Varieties.	SIZE AND GRADE.	COLLECTED.			NURSERY-GROWN.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000	per 10	per 100	per 1000
Deciduous Shrubs, continued.							
Rubus trivialis (Dewberry). 3 to 6 ft. Trailing form; <i>berries sweet</i> .	1 to 2 ft.	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$10 00	....	....	....
Rubus hispidus . 3 to 6 ft. Prostrate; <i>berries sour</i> .	1 to 2 ft.	40	3 00	20 00	....	....	....
Salix sericea (Silky Willow). 2 to 3 ft.	1 to 2 ft.	65	4 50	....	....	....	....
Sambucus Canadensis (Elderberry). 6 to 12 ft. ... Showy, white clustered flowers and black fruit.	1 to 2 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	40 50	3 00 3 50	20 00 25 00	....	....	....
Sambucus pubens (Mountain Elderberry). 4 to 12 ft. A very fine species. Large, fragrant, lilac-like flowers and brilliant red fruit.	1 to 2 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	75 1 00	5 00 7 00	40 00	\$1 00 1 50	\$7 00....	....
Stuartia pentagyna . 12 to 15 ft. Rare and beautiful. Large, saucer-shaped, cream-colored flowers, with purplish center. The "native American Camellia." One of the most valuable of late additions to gardening.	6 to 12 in. ... 1 to 2 ft.	75 1 00	5 00 7 00	40 00 60 00	1 25 2 00	10 00 15 00	\$75 00 125 00
Spiraea opulifolia . 3 to 5 ft. White-corymbed flowers. Old bark peeling off in thin layers.	1 to 2 ft.	1 50	12 00	....	....	....	....
Spiraea salicifolia (Ty-Ty). 3 to 6 ft. Beautiful shrub, with delicate growth and white, perennial, spiked flowers. August and September.	1 to 2 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	50 75	3 50 5 00	30 00 40 00	....	....	....
Symphoricarpos racemosus (Snowberry). 3 to 6 ft.	1 to 2 ft. ....	....	....	....	1 00	....	....
Vaccinium erythrocarpon . 3 to 8 ft. " hirsutum (Hairy Huckleberry). 1 to 4 ft. Introduced by us last year. Whole plant hairy, even the edible fruit.	1 to 2 ft. 6 to 9 in.	40	3 00	25 00	75 50	5 00 3 50	40 00 30 00
Vaccinium stamineum (Deerberry). 4 to 10 ft. ... Delicate white or pink flowers in leafy racemes. A most valuable garden plant.	1 to 2 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	1 00	7 00	....
Vaccinium macrocarpon (Cranberry). 8 to 20 in.. " crassifolium (Creeping Huckleberry). 6 to 20 in.	4 to 12 in. 4 to 12 in.	50 1 00	2 00 7 00	8 00....	....	....	....
Viburnum acerifolium (Maple-leaved Arrow-wood). 3 to 6 ft. Handsome, claret-colored foliage in autumn; white clustered flowers and showy black fruit.	1 to 2 ft.	40	3 00	25 00	75	5 00	40 00
Viburnum lantanoides (Hobble Bush). 4 to 12 ft. . One of the earliest and richest colored shrubs in fall, the large <i>shaded scarlet</i> leaves nearly equalled by its bunches of brilliant red fruit.	1 to 2 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	50 75	3 50 5 00	30 00 40 00	1 00 1 25	7 00 10 00	60 00
Viburnum nudum (Shawnee Haw). 8 to 12 ft. White-corymbed flowers and purple-black fruit.	1 to 2 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	75	5 00 ....	.... ....	.... 2 00	........	........
Xanthorhiza apiifolia (Yellow Root). 2 to 3½ ft. . Very useful for margin of shrubberies; conspicuous pinnate leaves, bright orange in autumn. Pendulous racemes of brown flowers, followed by specially showy, white, persistent fruit on fertile plants. Roots, inner bark and wood bright yellow	6 to 12 in. ... 1 to 2 ft.	40 65	3 00 4 50	25 00 35 00	75 1 00	5 00 7 00	40 00

Hardy Native Vines and Climbers.

Varieties.	Size and Grade.	Collected.			Nursery-grown.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000	per 10	per 100	per 1000
<i>Ampelopsis bipinnata</i> . 15 to 30 ft.	1 to 2 ft. ....	.....	.....	...	\$2 00	.....	.....
Beautiful cut leaves.							
<i>Ampelopsis quinquefolia</i> (Virginia Creeper). 10 to 50 ft.	6 to 12 ft.	\$0 50	\$3 50	\$30 00	.....	.....	...
<i>Aristolochia sipho</i> (Dutchman's Pipe). 20 to 40 ft.	6 to 12 ft.	1 00	7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
<i>Bignonia capreolata</i> (Cross Vine). 10 to 30 ft.	6 to 12 ft.	75	5 00	40 00	1 50	\$10 00	.....
" <i>radicans</i> (Trumpet Flower). 12 to 20 ft.	6 to 12 ft.	1 00	7 00	...	3 00	.....	.....
<i>Clematis coccinea</i> (Scarlet Clematis). 5 to 12 ft.	Strong. ....	.....	.....	.....	2 50	.....	.....
" <i>crispa</i> (Crisped Leather Flower). 3 to 10 ft.	Strong. ....	.....	.....	.....	1 00	7 00	.....
" <i>Virginiana</i> (Virgin's Bower). 10 to 30 ft.	Strong.	50	3 50	20 00	75	5 00	\$40 00
We supply large quantities of this beautiful climber every year.							
<i>Clematis flammula</i> . 5 to 12 ft.	Strong. ....	.....	.....	.....	2 00	.....	.....
<i>Cocculus Caroliniana</i> . 10 to 15 ft.	Strong. ....	.....	.....	.....	1 00	7 00	.....
Flowers white; fruit red.							
<i>Decumaria barbara</i> (American Climbing Hydrangea). 10 to 30 ft.	6 to 12 in.	75	5 00	40 00	.....	.....	.....
<i>Dioscorea villosa</i> . 6 to 12 ft.	Strong.	50	3 50	20 00	75	5 00	40 00
Fine climber; hop-like fruit.							
<i>Gelsemium sempervirens</i> (Carolina Jasmine). 10 to 30 ft.	Strong. ....	.....	.....	.....	1 00	6 00	.....
A beautiful climber, with yellow, sweet-scented flowers, but not hardy in the North.							
<i>Ipomoea pandurata</i> . 10 to 30 ft.	Strong. ....	.....	.....	.....	1 50	.....	.....
<i>Lonicera parviflora</i> . 10 to 40 ft.	6 to 12 in.	50	3 50	20 00	75	5 00	40 00
A fine woody vine, with handsome leaves and showy red flowers. A splendid stock on hand.	1 to 2 ft.	65	4 50	35 00	1 00	7 00	.....
<i>Lonicera sempervirens</i> . 8 to 20 ft.	2 to 4 ft., h'vy. ....	.....	.....	.....	2 50	.....	.....
Scarlet.	1 to 2 ft.	1 00	7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
<i>Lonicera flava</i> (Common Honeysuckle). 8 to 20 ft.	Strong. ....	.....	.....	.....	50	3 50	30 00
One of the best vines grown for quickly covering walls, stone-fences, etc.							
<i>Menispermum Canadense</i> (Moon Seed). 6 to 8 ft.	Strong.	40	3 00	25 00	75	5 00	.....
Cordate leaves, white flowers and black fruit.							
<i>Passiflora incarnata</i> (Passion Flower). 4 to 8 ft. ....	.....	75	5 00	40 00	.....	.....	.....
Large, purple, showy flowers.							
<i>Wistaria frutescens</i> (American Wistaria). 30 ft.	Seedlings.	65	4 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Large trusses of purple flowers and pinnate leaves.							

Hardy Native Ferns.

Ferns are among the most beautiful and indispensable plants used in gardening. Among the following are many of the best. *Evergreens.

Varieties.	Description.	Price.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000
<i>Adiantum pedatum</i> (Maiden-hair Fern). 8 to 15 in. high.	Delicate forked fronds. One of the finest.	\$0 75	\$4 00	\$25 00
* <i>Aspidium acrostichoides</i> (Shield Fern). 12 to 18 in. high.	Dark evergreen fronds.	50	3 00	20 00
* " <i>marginale</i> . 1 to 2 ft. high.	Thick fronds. Very pretty.	75	4 00	25 00
* " <i>spinulosum</i> . 1 to 2½ ft. high.	Tall, finely-cut segments.	50	3 00	20 00
* <i>Asplenium eburnum</i> . 8 to 16 in. high.	Narrow lace-like fronds.	75	4 00	25 00
" <i>trichomanes</i> . 3 to 8 in. high.	Dainty tufted species.	1 00	7 00	.....

Varieties.	DESCRIPTION.	DESCRIPTION.		
		1e	per 100	per 1000
Hardy Native Ferns, continued.				
* <i>Botrychium lunarioides</i> (Moonwort). 3 to 8 in.	Curious low species.	\$0 75	\$5 00	\$40 00
“ “ var. <i>obliquum</i> . 3 to 8 in. high.....	Very pretty variety, with cut fronds.	75	5 00	40 00
“ “ var. <i>dissectum</i> . 3 to 8 in. high.....	Laciniate. Very delicate.	75	5 00	40 00
“ <i>Virginicum</i> . 6 in. to 2 ft. high.....	Spreading, triangular fronds. Very prettily cut.	75	5 00	40 00
* <i>Camptosorus rhizophyllus</i> (Walking-leaf Fern). 6 to 10 in. high.....	Very curious. Fronds take root at tips, forming new plants.	75	5 00	35 00
* <i>Cystopteris fragilis</i> . 4 to 8 in. high.....	Delicate little Fern on moist rocks.	2 00	12 00	....
“ <i>bulbifera</i> . 8 in. to 2 ft. high.....	Very narrow, long fronds, bearing bulblets on the tips.	1 00	7 00	50 00
* <i>Cheilanthes tomentosa</i> . 6 to 18 in. high.....	Fronds woolly-white. Conspicuous.	3 00	....	....
<i>Dicksonia punctilobula</i> . 10 to 20 in. high.....	Odorous, delicate fern.	50	3 00	20 00
<i>Lygodium palmatum</i> (Climbing Fern). 15 to 40 in. high.....				
<i>Onoclea sensibilis</i> . 4 in. to 3 ft. high.....	Pretty, deeply-cut pinnae.	75	5 00	25 00
<i>Osmunda cinnamomea</i> (Cinnamon Fern). 1 to 4 ft. high.....	Wet situations.	1 00	6 00	....
* <i>Polypodium vulgare</i> (Polypody). 6 to 10 in. high..	Large, showy Fern in clumps.	1 00	6 00	40 00
“ <i>hexagonopterum</i> . 8 to 15 in. high....	One of the best for rock work.	50	3 00	15 00
<i>Pellaea atropurpurea</i> . 6 to 15 in. high.....	Large, triangular fronds.	1 00	6 00	....
	A delicate, purplish Fern.	1 00	6 00	....

Native Aquatics and Bog Plants.

Varieties.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000
<i>Aster puniceus</i>	Tall-growing. Profusion of lilac purple flowers in September. Marsh.	\$0 50	\$3 50	\$30 00
<i>Brasenia peltata</i> (Water Shield). Very pretty.....	Purple; flowers 2 to 3 in. wide.	50	3 50	30 00
<i>Chelone glabra alba</i> (Snakehead). 2 to 4 ft.....	Bog. Flowers irregular. White.	1 00	....	....
" <i>Lyoni</i> (Purple Snake-head). 2 to 3 ft.....	Bog. Growing in clumps. Flowers purple.	75	5 00	40 00
<i>Dionaea muscipula</i> (Venus' Fly Trap.) 3 to 6 in....	Moist sand or moss. Leaves <i>closing forcibly at touch</i> , thus feeding on venturesome insects. <i>We are headquarters</i> for this most curious insectivorous plant.	50	3 50	30 00
<i>Drosera rotundifolia</i> (Round-leaved Sundew). 6 to 9 in.....	Flowers white. All the <i>Droseras</i> have pretty, hairy leaves, bearing a drop of sticky <i>sundew</i> , which catches insects.	50	3 00	20 00
" <i>capillaris</i> . 6 to 15 in.....	Pale rose-color. Leaves spatulate.	75	5 00	30 00
" <i>brevifolia</i> . 3 to 6 in.....	Leaves very short. Flowers white.	75	5 00	30 00
" <i>longifolia</i> . 4 to 6 in.....	Small white flowers. Linear leaves.	75	5 00	30 00
" <i>filiformis</i> . 12 to 18 in.....	Leaves <i>filiform</i> . Flowers purple.	1 00	7 00	40 00
<i>Impatiens fulva</i> (Touch-me-not).....	Annual, 3 to 6 ft. Flowers showy, spotted reddish. Seed 25 cents per packet.			
" <i>pallida</i>	Annual, 3 to 6 feet. Flowers yellow. 25 cents per packet.			
<i>Ligusticum actæfolium</i> . 3 to 8 ft. high.....	Large, showy, divided leaves.	75	5 00	....
<i>Nuphar sagittifolia</i> (Yellow Water-Lily).....	Rare. Yellow flowers; large, seggitate leaves.	1 25	10 00	....
" <i>advena</i> (Spatterdock).....	Thick, cordate leaves. Yellow.	1 25	10 00	....
<i>Nymphaea odorata</i> (Water-Lily).....	Pure white or pink tinged. Beautiful aquatic.	1 00	5 00	35 00

Varieties.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000
Native Aquatics and Bog Plants, continued.				
<i>Nymphaea flava</i> . Yellow, 3 to 4 in. flowers.....	Yellow, 3 to 4 in. flowers. Showy leaves. Rare.	\$1 50	\$12 00	100 00
<i>Orontium aquaticum</i> (Golden Club).....	Thick leaves 1 ft. long; peculiar yellow flowers on a club-shaped scape.	1 00	5 00	40 00
<i>Pontederia cordata</i> (Pickerel Weed).....	6 to 15 in. above water. Blue-spiked flowers and erect cordate leaves.	1 00	7 00	....
<i>Sagittaria variabilis</i> (Arrow-head).....	White flowers. Arrow-shaped leaves.	50	3 50	30 00
<i>Sarracenia Drummondii</i>	Leaves erect, 2 ft. high, <i>variegated with white</i> at top. Flowers white and purple.	2 00	12 50	100 00
“ <i>flava</i> (Trumpet-leaf).....	Yellow leaves 2 to 3 ft., and large, nodding yellow flowers 2 to 3 in. wide. <i>Very showy Bog plant.</i> The <i>Sarracenia</i> s are very conspicuous Bog plants, and all are <i>insectivorous</i> .	75	5 00	40 00
“ <i>Psittacina</i> (Parrot-beaked Pitcher-plant).....	Leaves short, 2 to 4 in. long, marked with whitespots. Purple flowers.	2 00	12 50	100 00
“ <i>purpurea</i> (Pitcher-plant).....	Large, purple flowers, nodding on a stalk a foot high. Pitcher-shaped leaves. Prostrate 3 to 8 in. long.	75	5 00	40 00
“ <i>rubra</i> . (Red Trumpet-leaf).....	Leaves 10 to 18 in. long. Reddish purple flowers.	1 00	6 00	50 00
“ <i>variolaris</i> (Spotted Trumpet-leaf).....	Leaves 6 to 12 in. long, spotted with white near the yellowish summit; yellow flowers.	1 00	6 00	50 00
<i>Vaccinium macrocarpon</i> (Cranberry). 8 to 20 in ..	Evergreen.	50	2 00	8 00

Orchids.

Varieties.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000
<i>Arethusa bulbosa</i> . 6 to 9 in. high.....	Large, terminal, bright purple flower, 1 to 2 in. Very fragrant.	\$1 00	\$6 00	\$50 00
<i>Calopogon pulchellus</i> . Scape 12 to 18 in.	Bears 2 to 8 purple flowers 1 in. wide. Showy.	1 00	6 00	50 00
<i>Cypripedium acaule</i> (Stemless Lady's Slipper).....	Large, purple flowers, from thick cluster of leaves.	1 00	6 00	50 00
" <i>pubescens</i> (Large Yellow Lady's Slipper). 1 to 2 ft.	Bright yellow "slippers" (flowers).	1 00	6 00	50 00
" <i>spectabile</i> (Showy Lady's Slipper). 1 to 2 ft.	Showiest of all American Orchids. Large white, purple-tinged flowers.	2 00	15 00	....
<i>Goodyera pubescens</i> (Rattlesnake Plantain). 8 to 14 in.	Low cluster of white-veined leaves. White flowers; spiked.	75	5 00	40 00
" <i>repens</i> . 6 to 12 in.	Rare. Mottled leaves; one-sided spikes.	1 00	6 00	....
<i>Gymnadenia tridentata</i> . 4 to 10 in.	Small green-flowered.	75	5 00	40 00
<i>Liparis lilifolia</i> (Twayblade).....	Large leaves. Pretty green flowers.	1 00	....	....
<i>Orchis spectabilis</i> (Showy Orchis). 4 to 8 in.	Purple and white. Very showy.	1 50	12 00	....
<i>Platanthera blephariglottis</i> . 8 to 16 in.	White-fringed flowers. Rare.	2 00	15 00	....
" <i>ciliaris</i> (Yellow-fringed Orchis). 8 to 20 in.	Bright yellow. Very showy and fine.	1 00	6 00	50 00
" <i>psycodes</i> (Purple-fringed Orchis). 6 to 15 in.	Similar to last, but with purple flowers.	2 00	15 00	....
<i>Pogonia ophioglossoides</i> . 5 to 12 in.	Delicate, with solitary rose-colored flowers ½ in. long. Wet places.	1 00	6 00	50 00
" <i>pendula</i> . 3 to 8 in.	Dry woods. 1 to 6 flowers on low stem.	1 00	6 00	50 00
<i>Ponthieva glandulosa</i>	Broad flat leaves and greenish flowers.	1 00	6 00	....

Hardy Native Herbaceous Perennials.

*Evergreens.

Varieties.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000
<i>Aconitum uncinatum</i> (Monkshood). 2 to 6 ft.	Smooth vine-like stem, bearing <i>brilliant</i> large blue flowers. Rare.	\$1 25	\$10 00	....
<i>Allium cernuum</i> . 1 to 1½ ft.	Nodding clusters of <i>rose-colored</i> flowers. A very fine plant.	1 00	7 00	\$60 00
<i>Actæa alba</i> (Baneberry). 2 ft.	Thrice compound leaves 1 ft. across, and <i>white</i> flowers and berries. Flower-stalk red.	50	3 50	30 00
<i>Arisæma triphylla</i> (Indian Turnip). 1 to 3 ft.	3-lobed leaves. " <i>Jack-in-the-Pulpit</i> " flowers	50	3 50	30 00
* <i>Asarum arifolium</i> (Wild Ginger).....	Thick <i>auricled</i> leaves. Showy. Flowers purple.	1 00	7 00	60 00
" <i>Virginicum</i> (Asarabacca).....	Thick <i>mottled heart-shaped</i> leaves. Purple flowers.	40	3 00	25 00
<i>Asclepias phytolaccoides</i> (Poke-Milkweed). 2 to 5 ft.	Flowers in thick <i>drooping</i> clusters. White.	45	5 00	40 00
" <i>tuberosa</i> (Butterfly Weed). 1 to 2 ft.	Leafy, wide-branched stem. <i>Brilliant</i> orange-red.	1 00	....	....
<i>Ascyrum Crux-Andrææ</i> (St. Peter's Wort). 4 to 8 in.	Pretty yellow blossoms.	75	5 00	40 00
<i>Amianthium muscætoxicum</i> (Crow Poison). 1 to 2 ft.	Early, long grass-like leaves. Tall spikes of pure white flowers.	50	3 50	20 00
" <i>angustifolium</i> (Small Fly Poison). 6 to 12 in.	White, turning <i>purple</i> .	75	....	....
<i>Aster puniceus</i> (Swamp Aster). 3 to 6 ft.	Deep <i>lilac-purple</i> and fine.	50	3 50	30 00
" <i>cordifolius</i> . 2 to 4 ft.	Flowers pale violet; <i>profuse</i> , curving stem.	50	3 50	30 00
" <i>mixture</i> . 1 to 6 ft.	Fine selection. Many fine, <i>showy</i> species.	40	3 00	20 00
<i>Anemone nemorosa</i> (Wood Anemone). 4 to 6 in.	White or <i>pinkish</i> . Early spring.	25	2 00	15 00
<i>Aralia racemosa</i> (Spikenard). 3 to 5 ft.	<i>Widely branched</i> . Large, decomposed leaves, whitish paniced flowers.	50	3 50	30 00
" <i>nudicaulis</i> (Wild Sarsaparilla). 12 in.	Greenish. Flower-clusters and leaves in <i>threes</i> .	50	3 50	30 00
<i>Angelica Curtisii</i> (Angelica). 3 to 4 ft.	Fine, <i>decomposed</i> leaves, white-umbelled flowers. A noted <i>medicinal</i> plant.	50	3 50	30 00
<i>Archangelica hirsuta</i> . 1 to 3 ft.	<i>Fuzzy</i> appearance. Handsome leaves.	75	5 00	40 00
<i>Aquilegia Canadense</i> (Columbine). 10 to 20 in.	Yellow and red flowers and showy cut-leaves. One of our <i>prettiest</i> wild flowers.	75	5 00	....
<i>Amsonia ciliata</i> . 5 to 3 ft.	A pretty plant. Flowers <i>pale blue</i> , in terminal racemes.	1 00	7 00	....
<i>Baptisia australis</i> (Blue False Indigo). 2 to 3 ft.	Large <i>indigo-blue</i> flowers. Spreading.	1 00	....	....
" <i>tinctoria</i> (Wild Indigo). 2 to 3 ft.	<i>Yellow</i> abundant flowers.	50	3 50	20 00
" <i>simplicifolia</i> (Southern Indigo). 1 to 2 ft.	Yellow; <i>small</i> .	1 00	....	....
" <i>alba</i> (White Indigo). 2 to 3 ft.	Showy white racemes, <i>1 to 2 ft. long</i> .	1 00	....	....
<i>Brunella vulgaris</i> (Brunella). 3 to 10 in.	Purplish.	20	1 50	10 00
<i>Campanula Americana</i> . 2 to 5 ft.	Very fine <i>annual</i> , flowers spiked, <i>wheel-shaped</i> , <i>bright blue</i> . Seed 25c. per pkt.	....	....	....
" <i>divaricata</i> (Bell-flower). 6 to 12 in.	Delicate, blue, bell-shaped flowers.	25	2 00	15 00
* <i>Chimaphila maculata</i> (Spotted Winter-green). 3 to 8 in.	<i>Waxy-white</i> , fragrant, drooping flowers.	50	3 50	20 00
<i>Clintonia umbellata</i> (Southern Clintonia). 4 to 6 in.	Umbelled white odorous flowers, speckled with <i>green</i> or <i>purple</i> dots.	25	2 00	15 00
" <i>borealis</i> (Alpine Clintonia). 4 to 8 in.	Clusters of showy <i>greenish yellow</i> flowers, from whorl of thick glossy leaves.	25	2 00	15 00
<i>Chelone glabra alba</i> (White Snake-head). 2 to 4 ft.	White, <i>irregular</i> flowers.	1 00	....	....
" <i>Lyoni</i> (Pink Snake-head). 2 to 3 ft.	Pink. Very showy.	75	5 00	40 00

Varieties.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000
Hardy Native Herbaceous Perennials, continued.				
<i>Cimicifuga racemosa</i> (Black Snake-root). 3 to 6 ft.	Large, divided leaves, tall white spikes.	\$0 50	\$3 50	\$25 00
<i>Convallaria majalis</i> (Lily-of-the-Valley). 5 to 10 in.	One-sided racemes, of white, nodding, fragrant flowers.	50	3 50	25 00
<i>Coreopsis verticillata</i> (Coreopsis). 8 to 12 in.	Finely cut leaves and yellow flowers.	75	5 00	....
<i>Coreopsis trichosperma</i> (Swamp Coreopsis). 2 to 6 ft.	Large cut leaves. <i>Bright yellow.</i>	50	3 50	25 00
<i>Claytonia Caroliniana</i> (Spring Beauty). 3 to 6 in.	Early spring. <i>Rose-colored.</i>	20	1 50	10 00
<i>Circa Lutetiana</i> . 6 to 15 in.	Minute pink flowers. Slender.	50	3 50	....
<i>Callirrhoe involucrata</i> (Crimson Callirrhoe). 9 to 15 in.	Prostrate spreading plant from Texas. <i>Crimson.</i>	2 50	....	....
<i>Dicentra Canadensis</i> (Squirrel Corn). 6 to 15 in.	Pretty cut foliage. <i>Yellowish.</i>	20	1 50	10 00
" <i>eximia</i> . 10 to 20 in.	Thick clumps; light, feathery foliage, the beautiful rose-colored blossom appear- ing all summer in drooping racemes.	1 00	7 00	50 00
" <i>spectabile</i> (Bleeding Heart). 1 to 2 ft.	<i>Heart-shaped</i> flowers. Rosy-crimson and white.	2 00	12 00	....
<i>Diphylleia cymosa</i> (Umbrella Leaf). 1 to 3 ft.	Large-lobed leaves. White flowers. <i>Fine.</i>	50	3 50	25 00
<i>Delphinium virescens</i> . 1 to 2 ft.	Pretty, divided foliage.	75	5 00	....
* <i>Epigea repens</i> (Trailing Arbutus). 3 to 8 in.	Trailing. Delicious, fragrant white and pink flowers in May and June.	50	3 50	30 00
<i>Eupatorium ageratoides</i> (White-snake- root). 1 to 3 ft.	<i>Abundant</i> white flowers in late summer and fall.	50	3 00	20 00
" <i>purpureum</i> (Purple Snake- root). 3 to 8 ft.	Purple.	1 00	7 00	50 00
<i>Euphorbia corollata</i> (Flowering Spurge). 2 to 3 ft.	Pure white, greenish center.	40	3 00	20 00
<i>Erythronium Americanum</i> (Dog-tooth Violet). 3 to 6 in.	Bright yellow. <i>Earliest</i> spring.	20	1 50	10 00
<i>Fragaria Virginiana</i> (Wild Strawberry). 3 to 6 in.	White. <i>Red fruit edible.</i>	20	1 50	8 00
<i>Geum radiatum</i> (Avens). 8 to 14 in.	Very fine yellow. <i>Showy.</i>	75	5 00	40 00
* <i>Galax aphylla</i> (Colt's Foot). 6 to 15 in.	Fine heart-shaped leaves, coloring in au- tumn. <i>Dense spiked raceme.</i> White.	50	3 50	20 00
<i>Gillenia stipulacea</i> (Indian Physic). 9 to 24 in.	Handsome cut foliage and flowers, the lat- ter pure white or rose-tinted.	50	3 50	20 00
* <i>Gaultheria procumbens</i> (Aromatic). 3 to 6 in.	<i>Aromatic.</i> White. Red berries all winter.	40	3 00	15 00
<i>Gentiana Andrewsii</i> (Closed Gentian). 6 to 18 in.	Bright blue closed flowers 1 in. long, in September and October.	40	3 00	15 00
<i>Geranium maculatum</i> (Crane's Bill). 12 to 18 in.	Purple. Peculiar beaked fruit.	40	3 00	15 00
<i>Heliopsis lævis</i> . 2 to 3 ft.	Yellow. A handsome fall plant.	75	5 00	....
<i>Helonias bullata</i> . 9 to 18 in.	Very fine and rare. Long heads of bright purple flowers in early spring.	2 00	15 00	....
* <i>Houstonia serpyllifolia</i> (Bluets). 3 to 6 in.	Prostrate light blue; very profuse bloomer; damp places.	50	3 00	20 00
" <i>purpurea</i> . 6 to 12 in.	Thick clumps. Blue flowers abundant.	50	3 00	15 00
* <i>Hepatica acutiloba</i> (Acute-lobed Hepatica). 3 to 6 in.	White and purple in early March. A deli- cate little plant.	40	2 50	15 00
* " <i>triloba</i> (Round-lobed Hepatica). 3 to 6 in.	Leaf lobes rounded.	75	5 00	....
* <i>Iris verna</i> (Flower-de-luce). 3 to 6 in.	Blue fragrant flowers in early April.	50	3 00	15 00
" <i>cristata</i> (Crested Iris). 3 to 6 in.	Bright blue flowers, beautifully crested.	50	3 00	15 00
<i>Lilium Canadense</i> . 2 to 6 ft.	Yellowish, or yellow-red.	75	5 00	....
" <i>Philadelphicum</i> (Erect Lily). 1 to 2 ft.	Reddish orange, spotted with purple.	75	5 00	....
" <i>superbum</i> (Turk's Cap Lily). 3 to 8 ft.	Very showy pyramidal racemes of yellow- red blossoms, as many as 36 flowers on a single stem.	75	5 00	40 00
" <i>Grayi</i> (Gray's Lily). 2 to 4 ft. This year's stock all engaged, but we book orders now for next summer's delivery.	Beautiful new lily introduced by us. Deep reddish orange, dotted within with purple dots; 1 to 9 flowers on a stem.	2 50	20 00	175 00

Varieties.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000
Hardy Native Herbaceous Perennials, continued.				
<i>Lobelia cardinalis</i> (Cardinal Flower). 2 to 4 ft.	Brilliant scarlet spikes.	\$0 75	\$5 00	\$40 00
<i>Lobelia syphilitica</i> (Great Blue Lobelia). 1 to 3 ft.	Bright blue. Very showy.	75	5 00	40 00
<i>Lysimachia quadrifolia</i> . 1 to 2 ft.	Yellow whorls.	50	3 50	30 00
“ <i>stricta</i> (Loose-strife). 1 to 2 ft.	Yellow terminal clusters.	50	3 50	30 00
* <i>Mitchella repens</i> (Partridge-berry).	Trailing. Shrubby. White wax-like, fragrant flowers; scarlet berries in winter.	60	4 00	20 00
<i>Monarda didyma</i> (Wild Bergamot). 2 to 4 ft.	Brilliant scarlet.	50	3 00	15 00
“ <i>fistulosa</i> . 1 to 2 ft.	Nearly white.	50	3 00	15 00
<i>Meibomia Virginiana</i> . 6 to 10 in.	Two whorls of leaves on a slim stem, the upper coloring prettily in fall.	50	3 00	...
<i>Mimulus ringens</i> (Monkey Flower). 2 to 3 ft.	Showy light purple flowers.	50	3 00	15 00
<i>Melanthium Virginicum</i> . 1 to 3 ft.	Beautiful white panicles.	1 00	6 00	...
<i>Nabalus Frazeri</i> . 2 to 3 ft.	Pendulous green flowers. Fall.	50	3 00	15 00
<i>Oxalis Acetosella</i> (Wood-Sorrel). 2 to 5 in.	White, purple-striped.	50	2 50	10 00
<i>Parnassia asarifolia</i> (Grass of Parnassus). 3 to 6 in.	Large, single white flowers, beautifully variegated with green.	75	5 00	40 00
<i>Panax quinquefolium</i> (Ginseng). 6 to 15 in.	The great Chinese medicinal plant.	1 00	7 00	60 00
<i>Petalostemon decumbens</i> . 3 to 5 in.	Deep violet-purple. Cut leaves.	1 50	...	...
<i>Phlox subulata</i> (Moss Pink). 3 to 8 in.	Thick clumps covered with masses of purple or nearly white flowers.	1 50	...	...
“ <i>Carolina</i> . 1 to 3 ft.	Bright blue corymbs. Very fine.	60	4 00	...
“ <i>repens</i> (Creeping Phlox). 3 to 8 in.	Bright purple. Showy.	50	3 00	20 00
“ <i>pilosa</i> . 1 to 1½ ft.	Slender stems. Purple.	75	5 00	...
<i>Phryma leptostachya</i> (Top-seed). 2 to 3 ft.	Purplish plant.	50	3 00	...
<i>Physostegia Virginiana</i> . 1 to 3 ft.	Very showy light purple flowers in racemes.	1 00	6 00	...
<i>Polygonatum giganteum</i> (Solomon's Seal). 3 to 8 ft.	Panicked racemes.	75	5 00	...
“ <i>biflorum</i> . 1 ft.	Curving stems.	75	5 00	...
<i>Podophyllum peltatum</i> (May Apple). 8 to 16 in.	Two large peltate leaves, a single large nodding flower between.	40	3 00	20 00
* <i>Potentilla tridentata</i> (Shrubby-cinquefoil). 3 to 8 in.	Pretty white flowers.	75	5 00	30 00
<i>Prosartes lanuginosa</i> (Prosartes). 5 to 8 in.	Low, forking plant. Single red berries.	75	5 00	...
* <i>Pyrola rotundifolia</i> (Pyrola). 4 to 10 in.	Shiny evergreen leaves, from which rise a raceme of fragrant white flowers.	75	5 00	...
<i>Rudbeckia fulgida</i> (Cone Flower). 6 to 18 in.	Yellow, black centers. Fall.	50	3 00	...
<i>Sanguinaria Canadensis</i> (Blood Root). 6 to 10 in.	Pure white, showy leaves.	75	5 00	30 00
<i>Saxifraga leucanthemifolia</i> . 5 to 15 in.	Irregular white flowers, spotted with yellow; bright pink anthers. Fine.	75	5 00	30 00
<i>Scutellaria</i> , 2 varieties	Blue and white.	50	3 00	20 00
<i>Sedum telephoides</i> (Orpine). 6 to 10 in.	Flesh-colored flowers; thick leaves.	1 00	7 00	...
<i>Silene Virginica</i> (Fire Pink). 5 to 15 in.	Brilliant scarlet.	75	5 00	30 00
“ <i>stellata</i> . 1 to 3 ft.	Pure white. Flowers fimbriate.	75	5 00	30 00
* <i>Shortia galacifolia</i> (Shortia). 4 to 8 in.	One of our best introductions. From its clusters of large, veiny orbicular leaves, the single flower stems rise, each bearing a large solitary white or pinkish flower with crimped petals and purplish center.	1 00	6 00	45 00
	Will force readily.	75	5 00	40 00
<i>Silphium laciniatum</i> . 6 to 8 ft.	Large leaves, cut serrate. Yellow.	1 00	...	...
<i>Sisyrinchium Bermudianum</i> (Blue-eyed Grass). 4 to 12 in.	Pretty blue flowers all summer.	50	3 00	20 00
<i>Smilacina racemosa</i> (False Spikenard). 1 to 3 ft.	Flowers terminal, white. Berries speckled.	75	5 00	30 00
<i>Solidago</i> in variety. 1 to 6 ft.	All shades of yellow. Fall bloomer.	50	4 00	20 00
<i>Stenanthium angustifolium</i> . 1 to 3 ft.	Beautiful white panicles. September.	1 00	7 00	...
<i>Streptopus roseus</i> (Twisted Stalk). 5 to 10 in.	Bright rose-colored nodding flowers.	75	5 00	...
<i>Stachys aspera</i> . 8 to 16 in.	Terminal racemes. Purple.	50	3 00	...
<i>Thermopsis Caroliniana</i> . 2 to 5 ft. Very fine plant.	Handsome divided leaves and long terminal racemes of brilliant yellow flowers.	75	5 00	40 00

HIGHLANDS NURSERY.

TO HARLAN P. KELSEY,
Highlands Nursery, Linville, N. C., U. S. A.

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By (Express or Freight) Via

Any other instructions: _____

Signed _____

No.	NAME.	Size and Grade.	Price.	Amounts.

[illegible]

Varieties.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE.		
		per 10	per 100	per 1000
Hardy Native Herbaceous Perennials, continued.				
<i>Tradescantia pilosa</i> . 1 to 3 ft.	<i>Light blue</i> .	\$0 50	\$3 00	\$20 00
“ <i>rosea</i> . 5 to 10 in.	Grass-like species. <i>Rose-colored</i> .	1 00	6 00	....
“ <i>Virginica</i> . 1 to 2 ft.	Large <i>blue</i> flowers.	1 00	....	....
<i>Trautvetteria palmata</i> . 2 to 3 ft.	<i>White</i> . Large-lobed leaves.	75	5 00	30 00
<i>Trillium erectum</i> (Purple Nightshade). 6 to 12 in.	<i>Deep purple</i> . Large leaves.	50	3 00	20 00
“ “ <i>album</i> . 6 to 12 in.	White or yellow var. of last.	1 00	6 00	....
“ <i>discolor</i> . 6 to 12 in.	Dark purple, varying into green.	1 00	6 00	40 00
“ <i>erythrocarpum</i> (Painted Tril- lium). 4 to 12 in.	<i>White, purple centers</i> .	50	3 00	20 00
“ <i>grandiflorum</i> (Great White Tril- lium). 5 to 15 in.	White flowers, 2 to 3 in. across, turning pink.	50	3 00	20 00
“ <i>recurvatum</i> . 5 to 10 in.	Dark purple.	1 00	....	....
“ <i>stylosum</i> . 5 to 15 in.	Large, wavy petals of a <i>beautiful pink</i> .	75	5 00	35 00
“ <i>sessile</i> . 5 to 12 in.	Leaves <i>sessile</i> . Purple.	75	5 00	35 00
<i>Thalictrum dioicum</i> (Meadow Rue). 2 to 4 ft.	Finely cut-leaves, and pretty <i>brown, filmy</i> flowers.	1 00	6 00	....
<i>Thaspium aureum</i> var. <i>trifoliatum</i> . 9 to 24 in.	<i>Yellow</i> .	50	3 00	15 00
<i>Uvularia perfoliata</i> (Bellwort). 6 to 12 in.	Light yellow, <i>drooping</i> flowers.	60	4 00	....
“ <i>sessilifolia</i> . 6 to 12 in.	Leaves color bright yellow in fall.	60	4 00	....
<i>Veratrum viride</i> (False Hellebore). 3 to 6 ft.	Fine, large leaves. <i>Yellowish green</i> flowers in dense panicles.	75	5 00	40 00
<i>Verbesina Siegesbeckia</i> . 3 to 8 ft.	Bright <i>yellow</i> fall bloomer.	75	5 00	40 00
<i>Vernonia noveboracensis</i> (Iron-week). 4 to 8 ft.	<i>Brilliant dark purple</i> flowers in terminal clusters; very showy.	75	5 00	30 00
* <i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i> . 2 to 4 in.	<i>Creeping</i> . Pretty <i>blue</i> flowers.	75	5 00	20 00
* “ <i>officinalis</i> . 2 to 4 in.	<i>Pale blue</i> flowers in upright spikes. Pros- trate creeper.	75	5 00	20 00
<i>Viola cucullata</i> (Blue Violet). 3 to 6 in.	Deep blue violet. <i>Strong growing</i> .	40	2 50	12 00
“ <i>primulaefolia</i> (Primrose-leaved Violet). 2 to 4 in.	Small white, striped with purple.	40	2 50	12 00
“ <i>pedata</i> (Bird-foot Violet). 3 to 6 in.	<i>Large blue</i> , handsome, divided leaves.	75	5 00	40 00
“ <i>striata</i> . 10 to 12 in.	Cream colored.	75	5 00	40 00
“ <i>palmata</i> . 3 to 8 in.	Large, <i>palmate</i> leaves. Blue.	75	5 00	40 00
“ “ var. <i>laciniata</i> . 3 to 8 in.	Variety of the last, with <i>beautifully cut</i> - leaves.	75	5 00	40 00
* <i>Yucca filamentosa</i> (Adam’s Needle). 4 to 8 ft.	<i>Tropical-looking</i> . Leaves 1 to 3 ft. long, and immense clusters of white flowers.	1 00	7 00	40 00
* “ <i>recurvifolia</i> (Recurved-leaved Yucca). 3 to 6 ft.	Leaves <i>recurved</i> . Flowers green-white.	1 00	7 00	40 00
* <i>Xerophyllum asphodeloides</i> . 1 to 3 ft.	Long, <i>grass-like</i> leaves, from which rises a tall spike of white flowers.	75	4 00	20 00
<i>Zygadenus leimanthoides</i> . 1 to 3 ft.	Open panicle 1 ft. long, of snowy-white flowers. July and August.	75	4 00	20 00



RHODODENDRON MAXIMUM.